ATSC Standard:
A/360:2019 Amendment No. 4, “Section 5.2.2.6”

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Advanced Television Systems Committee
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Revision History

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1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Definition
An Amendment is generated to document an enhancement, an addition or a deletion of functionality to previously agreed technical provisions in an existing ATSC document. Amendments shall be published as attachments to the original ATSC document. Distribution by ATSC of existing documents shall include any approved Amendments.

1.2 Scope
This document modifies the informative section 5.2.2.6 to better reflect current operation.

1.3 Rationale for Changes
A/360 Sec. 5.2.2.6 describes (informatively) partially what a receiver is expected to do to verify signatures. This section has some ambiguity and may be misleading, and some aspects of A/360 changed normatively in A/360:2019 Amd 2, so some aspects of Sec. 5.2.2.6 are out-of-date. This amendment corrects this.

1.4 Compatibility Considerations
There are no compatibility issues with this change. This amendment only modifies informative text.

2. CHANGE INSTRUCTIONS
Change instructions are given below in *italics*. Unless otherwise noted, inserted text, tables, and drawings are shown in **blue**; deletions of existing text are shown in **red strikeout**. The text “[ref]” indicates that a cross reference to a cited referenced document should be inserted.

2.1 Clarify verification of SigningTime

_In A/360 Sec. 5.2.2.6, before the numbered list, revise as shown:_

To help identify suspected stream tampering, the receiver is expected to undertake the following tasks to verify new instances of the signed signaling messages described in Sections 5.2.2.3, 5.2.2.4, and 5.2.2.5:

_In A/360 Sec. 5.2.2.6, paragraph indicated 2(b), revise as shown:_

2) Verify that the SigningTime attribute in the CMS Signed Data structure is:
   a) Not greater than the System Time, and
   b) Not less than the SigningTime of any previously received instance of the same type of signed signaling message. For example, the SigningTime sequence would not go backward in time for any signaling within a single message type of (i) SLS of the same specific service, or (ii) an LLS CDT message on the same RF channel or bonded channels, or (iii) an LLS SignedMultiTable message on the same RF channel with the same set of LLS tables within.
2.2 Clarify signing using bonded RF, ‘matching’ for sets of BSID language

In A/360 Sec. 5.2.2.6, paragraph indicated 3(b), revise as shown:

3) Verify that the key used to sign the signaling message is authenticated by an unexpired end-entity certificate carried in CertificationData message,
   a) verify that this certificate has an extended key usage that includes id-atsc-kp-signalingSigning, and
   b) verify that this certificate contains a Subject Directory Attribute extension with an attribute of type id-atsc-sdattr-bsid and values that contain a SET OF INTEGER (as described in RFC 5280 [10]), and that the set of values matches exactly the set of bsids listed in the Service List Table for this broadcast stream (e.g., when identifying a bonded pair of RF channels, both the bsids listed in the SLT and the set of bsids in the certificate identify exactly the same two bsid values), and
   c) verify that this end-entity certificate’s SubjectKeyIdentifier matches either the CurrentCert or, if present, the NextCert.

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